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The Conference Board®
U.S. Business Cycle IndicatorsSM

THE CONFERENCE BOARD LEADING ECONOMIC INDEX® (LEI) FOR THE UNITED STATES

AND RELATED COMPOSITE ECONOMIC INDEXES FOR DECEMBER 2017

The Conference Board Leading Economic Index[®] (LEI) for the U.S. increased 0.6 percent, The Conference Board Coincident Economic Index[®] (CEI) increased 0.3 percent and The Conference Board Lagging Economic Index[®] (LAG) increased 0.7 percent in December.

This month's release incorporates annual benchmark revisions to the composite economic indexes, which bring them up-to-date with revisions in the source data. Also, with this benchmark revision, the base year of the composite indexes was changed to 2016 = 100 from 2010 = 100. These revisions do not change the cyclical properties of the indexes. The indexes are updated throughout the year, but only for the previous six months. Data revisions that fall outside of the moving six-month window are not incorporated until the benchmark revision is made and the entire histories of the indexes are recomputed. As a result, the revised indexes, in levels and month-on-month changes, will not be directly comparable to those issued prior to the benchmark revision. For more information, please visit our website at http://www.conference-board.org/data/bci.cfm or contact us at indicators@conference-board.org.

- The Conference Board LEI for the U.S. increased for the third consecutive month in December, fueled by large positive contributions from the ISM® new orders index and financial components. In the second half of 2017, the leading economic index increased 3.1 percent (about a 6.3 percent annual rate), faster than the growth of 2.6 percent (about a 5.2 percent annual rate) during the first half of last year. Also, the strengths among the leading indicators have remained very widespread.
- The Conference Board CEI for the U.S., a measure of current economic activity, rose in December. The coincident economic index rose 1.2 percent (about a 2.4 percent annual rate) between June and December 2017, slightly faster than the growth of 0.9 percent (about a 1.8 percent annual rate) over the previous six months. In addition, the strengths among the coincident indicators remained very widespread, with all components advancing over the past six months. The lagging economic index continued to increase, but at a faster rate than the CEI. As a result, the coincident-to-lagging ratio declined. Real GDP expanded at a 3.2 percent annual rate in the third quarter of 2017, after increasing almost as fast in the second quarter (3.1 percent annual rate).
- The Conference Board LEI for the U.S. continues on an upward trend, and its six-month pace of growth also continues to improve. The pickup in the pace of the LEI's growth has been driven primarily by the financial components, new orders and confidence, while contributions from the remaining components have remained more subdued. Meanwhile, The Conference Board CEI for the U.S. has also been rising very steadily through December. Taken together, the continued improvement in the growth of the composite indexes suggests the expansion in economic activity should continue, with some upside potential in the months ahead.

<u>LEADING INDICATORS.</u> Seven of the ten indicators that make up The Conference Board LEI for the U.S. increased in December. The positive contributors – beginning with the largest positive contributor – were the ISM® new orders index, the Leading Credit IndexTM (inverted), the interest rate spread, stock

prices, average consumer expectations for business conditions, manufacturers' new orders for nondefense capital goods excluding aircraft*, and manufacturers' new orders for consumer goods and materials*. The negative contributor was average weekly manufacturing hours, while average weekly initial claims for unemployment insurance (inverted) and building permits held steady in December.

The LEI for the U.S. increased 0.6 percent and now stands at 107.0 (2016=100). Based on revised data, this index increased 0.5 percent in November and increased 1.3 percent in October. Over the six-month span through December, the leading economic index increased 3.1 percent, with nine out of ten components advancing (diffusion index, six-month span equals 90 percent).

COINCIDENT INDICATORS. All four indicators that make up The Conference Board CEI for the U.S. increased in December. The positive contributors to the index – beginning with the largest positive contributor – were industrial production, employees on nonagricultural payrolls, personal income less transfer payments* and manufacturing and trade sales*.

The CEI increased 0.3 percent and now stands at 102.8 (2016=100). Based on revised data, this index increased 0.1 percent in November and increased 0.4 percent in October. During the six-month period through December, the coincident economic index increased 1.2 percent, with all four components advancing (diffusion index, six-month span equals 100 percent).

<u>LAGGING INDICATORS.</u> The Conference Board Lagging Economic Index for the U.S. increased 0.7 percent and stands at 104.0 (2016=100) in December, with five of its seven components advancing. The positive contributors to the index – beginning with the largest positive contributor – were the average duration of unemployment (inverted), commercial and industrial loans outstanding*, the change in CPI for services, the average prime rate charged by banks, and the ratio of consumer installment credit outstanding to personal income*. The negative contributor was the ratio of manufacturing and trade inventories to sales*, while the change in the index of labor cost per unit of output, manufacturing* held steady in December. Based on revised data, the lagging economic index increased 0.1 percent in November and increased 0.3 percent in October.

DATA AVAILABILITY AND NOTES.

The data series used to compute **The Conference Board Leading Economic Index**® (LEI) for the U.S., The Conference Board Coincident Economic Index® (CEI) for the U.S. and The Conference Board **Lagging Economic Index**[®] (LAG) for the U.S. and reported in the tables in this release are those available "as of" 4:15 pm ET on January 22, 2018. Some series are estimated as noted below.

* Series in The Conference Board LEI for the U.S. based on our estimates are manufacturers' new orders for consumer goods and materials and manufacturers' new orders for nondefense capital goods excluding aircraft. Series in The Conference Board CEI for the U.S. that are based on our estimates are personal income less transfer payments and manufacturing and trade sales. Series in The Conference Board LAG for the U.S. that are based on our estimates are manufacturing and trade inventories to sales ratio, the change in labor cost per unit of output, manufacturing, consumer installment credit to income ratio, and the personal consumption expenditure deflator used to deflate commercial and industrial loans outstanding.

The procedure used to estimate the current month's personal consumption expenditure deflator (used in the calculation of commercial and industrial loans outstanding) now incorporates the current month's consumer price index when it is available before the release of The Conference Board LEI for the U.S.

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THE CYCLICAL INDICATOR APPROACH. The composite economic indexes are the key elements in an analytic system designed to signal peaks and troughs in the business cycle. The leading, coincident, and lagging economic indexes are essentially composite averages of several individual leading, coincident, or lagging indicators. (See page 3 for details.) They are constructed to summarize and reveal common turning point patterns in economic data in a clearer and more convincing manner than any individual component—primarily because they smooth out some of the volatility of individual components. Historically, the cyclical turning points in The Conference Board LEI for the U.S. have occurred before those in aggregate economic activity, while the cyclical turning points in

The Conference Board CEI for the U.S. have occurred at about the same time as those in aggregate economic activity. The cyclical turning points in The Conference Board LAG for the U.S. generally have occurred after those in aggregate economic activity.

U.S. Composite Economic Indexes: Components and Standardization Factors

Leading Economic	ic Index	<u>Factor</u>
1	Average weekly hours, manufacturing	0.2778
2	Average weekly initial claims for unemployment insurance	0.0328
3	Manufacturers' new orders, consumer goods and materials	0.0830
4	ISM® new orders index	0.1589
5	Manufacturers' new orders, nondefense capital goods excl.	
	aircraft	0.0410
6	Building permits, new private housing units	0.0295
7	Stock prices, 500 common stocks	0.0393
8	Leading Credit Index TM	0.0812
9	Interest rate spread, 10-year Treasury bonds less federal funds	0.1125
10	Avg. consumer expectations for business conditions	0.1440
Coincident Eco		
1	Employees on nonagricultural payrolls	0.5302
2	Personal income less transfer payments	0.2042
3	Industrial production	0.1462
4	Manufacturing and trade sales	0.1194
Lagging Econo		
1	Inventories to sales ratio, manufacturing and trade	0.1260
2	Average duration of unemployment	0.0371
3	Consumer installment credit outstanding to personal income	
	ratio	0.1821
4	Commercial and industrial loans	0.0960
5	Average prime rate	0.3009
6	Labor cost per unit of output, manufacturing	0.0498
7	Consumer price index for services	0.2081

Notes:

The component factors are inversely related to the standard deviation of the month-to-month changes in each component. They are used to equalize the volatility of the contribution from each component and are "normalized" to sum to 1. When one or more components are missing, the other factors are adjusted proportionately to ensure that the total continues to sum to 1.

These factors were revised effective with the release in January 2018, and all historical values for the three composite economic indexes were revised at this time to reflect the changes. (Under normal circumstances, updates to the leading, coincident, and lagging economic indexes only incorporate revisions to data over the past six months.) The factors for The Conference Board LEI for the U.S. were calculated using May 1990-December 2016 as the sample period for measuring volatility. A separate set of factors for the February 1959 - December 1977, January 1978 - December 1983 and January 1984 – April 1990 periods are available upon request. The primary sample period for the coincident and lagging economic indexes was February 1959 – December 2016. For additional information on the standardization factors and the index methodology see: "Benchmark Revisions in the Composite Indexes," *Business Cycle Indicators* December 1997 and "Technical Appendix: Calculating the Composite Indexes" *Business Cycle Indicators* December 1996, or the Web site: http://www.conference-board.org/data/bci.cfm

The trend adjustment factor for The Conference Board LEI for the U.S. is -0.0751 (over the 1984 – present) and 0.0914 (over the 1959-1983 period), and the trend adjustment factor for The Conference Board LAG for the U.S. is 0.1441.

To address the problem of lags in available data, those leading, coincident and lagging indicators that are not available at the time of publication are estimated using statistical imputation. An autoregressive model is used to estimate each unavailable component. The resulting indexes are therefore constructed using real and estimated data, and will be revised as the unavailable data during the time of publication become available. Such revisions are part of the monthly data revisions, now a regular part of the U.S. Business Cycle Indicators program. The main

advantage of this procedure is to utilize in the leading economic index data such as stock prices, interest rate spread, and manufacturing hours that are available sooner than other data on real aspects of the economy such as manufacturers' new orders. Empirical research by The Conference Board suggests that there are real gains in adopting this procedure to make all the indicator series as up-to-date as possible.

NOTICES

The Conference Board Leading Economic Index® (LEI) for the U.S. news release schedule for 2018:

Thursday, January 25, 2018	For December 2017 data
Thursday, February 22, 2018	For January 2018 data
Thursday, March 22, 2018	For February 2018 data
Thursday, April 19, 2018	For March 2018 data
Thursday, May 17, 2018	For April 2018 data
Thursday, June 21, 2018	For May 2018 data
Thursday, July 19, 2018	For June 2018 data
Friday, August 17, 2018	For July 2018 data
Thursday, September 20, 2018	For August 2018 data
Thursday, October 18, 2018	For September 2018 data
Wednesday, November 21, 2018	For October 2018 data
Thursday, December 20, 2018	For November 2018 data

All releases are at 10:00 AM ET.

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Table 1. Summary of U.S. Composite Economic Indexes

	Tubio .				<u> </u>	00								
	2017													
	Jun		Jul		Aug		Sep		Oct		Nov		Dec	
Leading index	103.8	r	104.1	r	104.5	r	104.5	r	105.9	r	106.4	r	107.0	ŗ
Percent change	0.6		0.3	r	0.4		0.0	r	1.3	r	0.5	r	0.6	ŗ
Diffusion index	70		75		85		65		100		65		75	Ċ
Coincident index	101.6	r	101.8	r	101.8	r	102.0	r	102.4	r	102.5	r	102.8	ŗ
Percent change	0.1		0.2	r	0.0	r	0.2	r	0.4	r	0.1	r	0.3	ŗ
Diffusion index	75		75		62.5		87.5		100		75		100	
Lagging index	102.6	r	102.8	r	103.0	r	102.9	r	103.2	r	103.3	r	104.0	ŗ
Percent change	0.2		0.2		0.2		-0.1		0.3		0.1		0.7	ŗ
Diffusion index	57.1		57.1		64.3		57.1		57.1		57.1		78.6	
Coincident-lagging ratio	99.0	r	99.0	r	98.8	r	99.1	r	99.2	r	99.2	r	98.8	ŗ
	Dec to		Jan to		Feb to		Mar to		Apr to		May to		Jun to	
	Jun		Jul		Aug		Sep		Oct		Nov		Dec	
Leading index														
Percent change	2.6		2.3		2.4		1.9		3.0		3.1		3.1	
Diffusion index	90		80		80		70		100		90		90	
Coincident index														
Percent change	0.9		1.0		0.8		0.8		1.1		1.0		1.2	
Diffusion index	75		100		100		100		100		100		100	
Lagging index														
Lagging index Percent change	1.3		1.3		1.3		1.0		1.0		0.9		1.4	

p Preliminary. r Revised (noted only for index levels and one-month percent changes). c Corrected.

CALCULATION NOTE: The diffusion indexes measure the proportion of the components that are contributing positively. Components that rise more than 0.05 percent are given a value of 1.0, components that change less than 0.05 percent are given a value of 0.5, and components that fall more than 0.05 percent are given a value of 0.0.

The full history of composite and diffusion indexes is available by subscription on our web site at https://www.conference-board.org/data/bcicountry.cfm?cid=1

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Table 2. Data and Net Contributions for Components of The Conference Board Leading Economic Index® (LEI) for U.S.

	2017											
Components	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec					
	U.S. Leading Economic Index Component Data											
Average w orkw eek, production w orkers, mfg. (hours)	42.0	42.0	42.0	41.9	42.0	42.0	41.9	_				
Average w eekly initial claims, state unemployment insurance (thousands)*	243.6	241.9	250.4	267.0	232.7	241.8	241.8					
Manufacturers' new orders, consumer goods and materials (mil. 1982 dol.)	136,403	135,567	136,426 r	136,393	137,329 r	137,833 r	138,013 **					
ISM® New Orders Index												
(percent)	63.5	60.4	60.3	64.6	63.4	64.0	69.4					
Manufacturers' new orders, nondefense												
capital goods excl. aircraft (mil. 1982 dol.)	37135	37600	38089	38935	39310 r	39083 r	39233 **					
Building permits (thous.)	1,275	1,230	1,272	1,225	1,316	1,303 r	1,302					
Stock prices, 500 common stocks © (index: 1941-43=10)	2,433.99	2,454.10	2,456.22	2,492.84	2,557.00	2,593.61	2,664.34					
Leading Credit Index™ (std. dev.¹)*	-0.90 r	-0.70 r	-0.17 r	-0.31 r	-0.58 r	-1.48 r	-1.63					
Interest rate spread, 10-year Treasury bonds less federal funds	1.15	1.17	1.05	1.05	1.21	1.19	1.10					
Avg. Consumer Expectations for Business Conditions (std. dev.¹)	0.35 r	0.61 r	0.69 r	0.42 r	0.95 r	1.01 r	0.59					
LEADING INDEX (2016=100) Percent change from preceding month	103.8 r 0.6	104.1 r 0.3 r	104.5 r 0.4	104.5 r 0.0 r	105.9 r 1.3 r	106.4 r 0.5 r	107.0 0.6	p p				
	U.S. Leading Economic Index Component Contributions											
Average w orkw eek, production w orkers, mfg		.00	.00	07	.07	.00	07					
Average w eekly initial claims, state unemployment insurance		.02	11	21	.45	13	.00					
Manufacturers' new orders, consumer goods and materials		05	.05 r	.00 r	.06 r	.03 r	.01 **					
ISM® New Orders Index		.10	.10	.19	.16	.17	.29					
Manufacturers' new orders, nondefense capital goods excl. aircraft		.05	.05	.09	.04 r	02 r	.02 **					
Building permits		11	.10	11	.21	03 r	.00					
Stock prices, 500 common stocks ©		.03	.00	.06	.10	.06	.11					
Leading Credit Index™		.06	.01	.03	.05	.12 r	.13					
Interest rate spread, 10-year Treasury bonds less federal funds		.13	.12	.12	.14	.13	.12					
Avg. Consumer Expectations for Business Conditions		.09	.10	.06	.14	.15	.09					

p Preliminary. r Revised. c Corrected.

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Standard deviation above or below the mean

Inverted series; a negative change or value in this component makes a positive contribution to the index. Statistical Imputation (See page 3 for more details)

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CALCULATION NOTE: The percent change in the index does not always equal the sum of the net contributions of the individual components (because of rounding effects and base value differences)

Table 3. Data and Net Contributions for Components of The Conference Board Coincident and Lagging Economic Index® (CEI) and (LAG) for U.S.

Components				2017							
Components	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec				
Familia de la compania del compania de la compania del compania de la compania del la compania de la compania del compania del compania del compania del com	U.S. Coincident Economic Index Component Data										
Employees on nonagricultural payrolls (thousands)	146,385	146,523	146,731	146,769	146,980 r	147,232 r	147,380				
Personal income less transfer payments (ann. rate, bil. chn. 2009 dol.)	12,032	12,062 r	12,058 r	12,066 r	12,094 r	12,118 r	12,148 *	**			
Industrial production (index: 2007=100)	105.253	105.009 r	104.582 r	104.769 r	106.641 r	106.512 r	107.464				
Manufacturing and trade sales (mil. chn. 2009 dol.)	1,256,934	1,261,670 r	1,266,673 r	1,275,743 r	1,280,879 r	1,284,294 **	1,287,544 *	**			
COINCIDENT INDEX (2016=100) Percent change from preceding month	101.6 r 0.1	101.8 r 0.2 r	101.8 r 0.0 r	102.0 r 0.2 r	102.4 r 0.4 r	102.5 r 0.1 r	102.8 0.3	p p			
			.S. Coincident Ec	onomic Index Co	mponent Contrib	outions					
Employees on nonagricultural payrolls		.05	.08	.01	.08 r	.09 r	.05				
Personal income less transfer payments		.05	01	.01	.05 r	.04 r	.05	**			
Industrial production		03 r	06 r	.03 r	.26 r	02 r	.13				
Manufacturing and trade sales		.04	.05 r	.09 r	.05 r	.03 **	.03	**			
	U.S. Lagging Economic Index Component Data										
Average duration of unemployment (w eeks)*	24.9 r	25.0 r	24.3 r	26.6 r	25.8 r	25.2 г	23.6				
Ratio, manufacturing and trade inventories to sales (chain 2009 dol.)	1.433	1.430	1.431 r	1.420 r	1.411 r	1.412 **	1.411 *	**			
Change in index of labor cost per unit of output, mfg. (6-month percent, ann. rate)	2.8	4.1	1.3	1.7 r	1.7 **	1.6 **	1.6 *	**			
Average prime rate charged by banks (percent)	4.13	4.25	4.25	4.25	4.25	4.25	4.40				
Commercial and industrial loans outstanding (mil. chn. 2009 dol.)	1,255,328 r	1,256,640 r	1,273,806 r	1,276,249 r	1,274,602 r	1,255,650 r	1,274,140	**			
Ratio, consumer installment credit out- standing to personal income (percent)	22.85	22.87	22.88 r	22.88 r	22.92 r	23.02 r	23.05 *	**			
Change in CPI for services (6-month percent, ann. rate)	2.1	1.9	1.9	2.5	2.7	2.7	3.0				
LAGGING INDEX (2016=100) Percent change from preceding month	102.6 r 0.2	102.8 r 0.2	103.0 r 0.2	102.9 r -0.1	103.2 r 0.3	103.3 r 0.1	104.0 0.7	p p			
			U.S. Lagging Ecor	nomic Index Com	ponent Contribu	tions					
Average duration of unemployment		01 r	.11 r	34 r	.11	.09	.24				
Ratio, manufacturing and trade inventories to sales		03	.01 r	10 r	08 r	.01 **	01 *	**			
Change in index of labor cost per unit of output, mfg		.06 r	14	.02 r	.00 **	.00 **	.00 *	**			
Average prime rate charged by banks		.04	.00	.00	.00	.00	.05				
Commercial and industrial loans outstanding		.01	.13 г	.02 r	01 r	14 r	.14 *	**			
Ratio, consumer installment credit out- standing to personal income		.02	.01 r	.00 r	.03 r	.08 r	.02 *	**			
Change in CPI for services		04	.00	.12	.04	.00	.06				

CPI Consumer Price Index. For additional notes see table 2.

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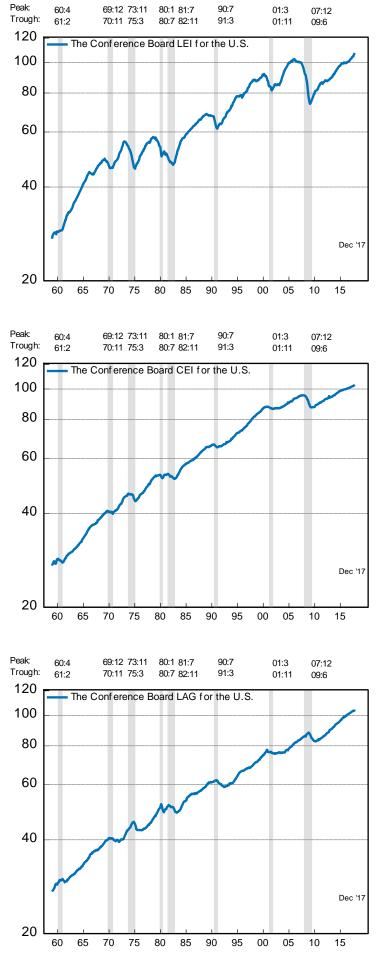
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Inverted series; a negative change in this component makes a positive contribution to the index. Statistical Imputation (See page 3 for more details)

U.S. Composite Economic Indexes (2016=100)



Shaded areas represent recessions as determined by the National Bureau of Economic Research.

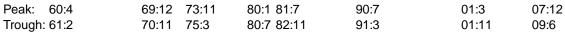
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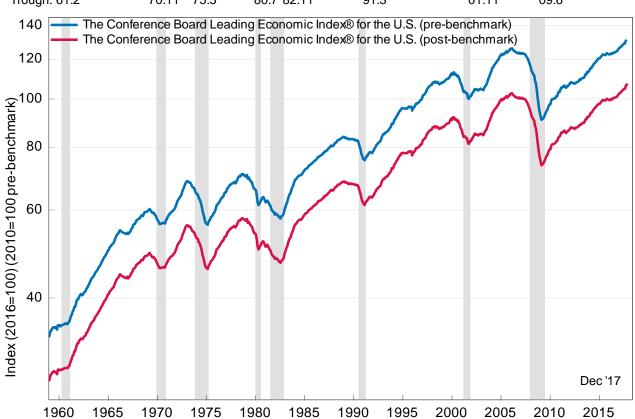
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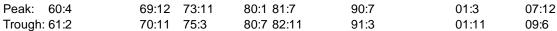
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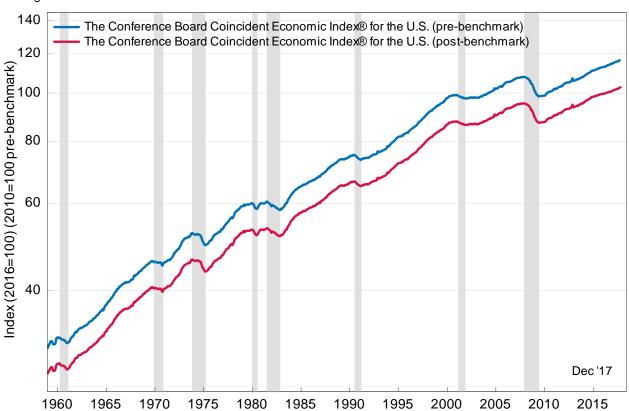
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