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The Conference Board®
U.S. Business Cycle IndicatorsSM

THE CONFERENCE BOARD LEADING ECONOMIC INDEX® (LEI) FOR THE UNITED STATES

AND RELATED COMPOSITE ECONOMIC INDEXES FOR NOVEMBER 2016

The Conference Board Leading Economic Index[®] (LEI) for the U.S. remained unchanged, The Conference Board Coincident Economic Index[®] (CEI) increased 0.1 percent and The Conference Board Lagging Economic Index[®] (LAG) increased 0.3 percent in November.

Next month's release will incorporate annual benchmark revisions to the composite economic indexes, which bring them up-to-date with revisions in the source data. These revisions do not change the cyclical properties of the indexes. The indexes are updated throughout the year, but only for the previous six months. Data revisions that fall outside of the moving six-month window are not incorporated until the benchmark revision is made and the entire histories of the indexes are recomputed. As a result, the revised indexes, in levels and month-on-month changes, will not be directly comparable to those issued prior to the benchmark revision. For more information, please visit our website at http://www.conference-board.org/data/bci.cfm or contact us at indicators@conference-board.org.

- The Conference Board LEI for the U.S. was flat in November with positive contributions from seven out of its ten underlying components, negating declines from building permits, average weekly manufacturing hours and the ISM® new orders index. In the six-month period ending November 2016, the leading economic index increased 1.0 percent (about a 2.0 percent annual rate), after declining 0.2 percent (about -0.5 percent annual rate) during the previous six months. In addition, the strengths among the leading indicators have recently become more widespread.
- The Conference Board CEI for the U.S., a measure of current economic activity, edged up in November. The coincident economic index rose 1.1 percent (about a 2.1 percent annual rate) between May and November 2016, faster than its growth of 0.6 percent (about a 1.2 percent annual rate) over the previous six months. In addition, the strengths among the coincident indicators have remained very widespread, with all components advancing over the past six months. The lagging economic index continued to increase at a higher rate than the CEI, and as a result, the coincident-to-lagging ratio is down moderately. Real GDP expanded at a 3.5 percent annual rate in the third quarter, after increasing 1.4 percent annual rate in the previous quarter.
- Despite no change in November, The Conference Board LEI for the U.S. continued on an upward trend through 2016, although at a moderate pace of growth. Meanwhile, The Conference Board CEI for the U.S. has continued rising slowly, but steadily, through November. Taken together, the current behavior of the composite indexes and their components suggest that the expansion in economic activity will likely continue into the first half of 2017, but the pace of growth is not expected to considerably pick up.

<u>LEADING INDICATORS.</u> Seven of the ten indicators that make up The Conference Board LEI for the U.S. increased in November. The positive contributors – beginning with the largest positive contributor – were the interest rate spread, average weekly initial claims for unemployment insurance (inverted), stock prices, the Leading Credit IndexTM (inverted), manufacturers' new orders for nondefense capital goods excluding aircraft*, average consumer expectations for business conditions, and manufacturers' new

orders for consumer goods and materials*. The negative contributors – beginning with the largest negative contributor – were building permits, average weekly manufacturing hours and the ISM[®] new orders index.

The LEI for the U.S. remained unchanged at 124.6 (2010=100). Based on revised data, this index increased 0.1 percent in October and increased 0.3 percent in September. Over the six-month span through November, the leading economic index increased 1.0 percent, with seven out of ten components advancing (diffusion index, six-month span equals 70 percent).

<u>COINCIDENT INDICATORS</u>. Three of the four indicators that make up The Conference Board CEI for the U.S. increased in November. The positive contributors to the index – beginning with the largest positive contributor – were employees on nonagricultural payrolls, personal income less transfer payments* and manufacturing and trade sales*. The negative contributor was industrial production.

The CEI increased 0.1 percent and now stands at 114.6 (2010=100). Based on revised data, this index increased 0.2 percent in October and increased 0.2 percent in September. During the six-month period through November, the coincident economic index increased 1.1 percent, with all four components advancing (diffusion index, six-month span equals 100 percent).

LAGGING INDICATORS. The Conference Board Lagging Economic Index for the U.S. increased 0.3 percent and stands at 123.2 (2010=100) in November, with four of its seven components advancing. The positive contributors to the index – beginning with the largest positive contributor – were the average duration of unemployment (inverted), commercial and industrial loans outstanding*, the ratio of consumer installment credit outstanding to personal income*, and the ratio of manufacturing and trade inventories to sales*. The negative contributors were change in the index of labor cost per unit of output, manufacturing* and the change in CPI for services. The average prime rate charged by banks held steady in November. Based on revised data, the lagging economic index increased 0.2 percent in October and increased 0.2 percent in September.

DATA AVAILABILITY AND NOTES.

The data series used to compute **The Conference Board Leading Economic Index**[®] (LEI) for the U.S., **The Conference Board Coincident Economic Index**[®] (CEI) for the U.S. and **The Conference Board Lagging Economic Index**[®] (LAG) for the U.S. and reported in the tables in this release are those available "as of" 2:30 pm ET on December 19, 2016. Some series are estimated as noted below.

* Series in The Conference Board LEI for the U.S. based on our estimates are manufacturers' new orders for consumer goods and materials and manufacturers' new orders for nondefense capital goods excl. aircraft. Series in The Conference Board CEI for the U.S. that are based on our estimates are personal income less transfer payments and manufacturing and trade sales. Series in The Conference Board LAG for the U.S. that are based on our estimates are manufacturing and trade inventories to sales ratio, the change in labor cost per unit of output, manufacturing, consumer installment credit to income ratio, and the personal consumption expenditure deflator used to deflate commercial and industrial loans outstanding.

The procedure used to estimate the current month's personal consumption expenditure deflator (used in the calculation of commercial and industrial loans outstanding) now incorporates the current month's consumer price index when it is available before the release of The Conference Board LEI for the U.S.

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THE CYCLICAL INDICATOR APPROACH. The composite economic indexes are the key elements in an analytic system designed to signal peaks and troughs in the business cycle. The leading, coincident, and lagging economic indexes are essentially composite averages of several individual leading, coincident, or lagging indicators. (See page 3 for details.) They are constructed to summarize and reveal common turning point patterns in economic data in a clearer and more convincing manner than any individual component—primarily because they smooth out some of the volatility of individual components.

Historically, the cyclical turning points in The Conference Board LEI for the U.S. have occurred before those in aggregate economic activity, while the cyclical turning points in The Conference Board CEI for the U.S. have occurred at about the same time as those in aggregate economic activity. The cyclical turning points in The Conference Board LAG for the U.S. generally have occurred after those in aggregate economic activity.

U.S. Composite Economic Indexes: Components and Standardization Factors

Leading Econom	ic Index	Factor
1	Average weekly hours, manufacturing	0.2741
2	Average weekly initial claims for unemployment insurance	0.0329
3	Manufacturers' new orders, consumer goods and materials	0.0822
4	ISM® new orders index	0.1594
5	Manufacturers' new orders, nondefense capital goods excl.	
	aircraft	0.0409
6	Building permits, new private housing units	0.0310
7	Stock prices, 500 common stocks	0.0397
8	Leading Credit Index TM	0.0824
9	Interest rate spread, 10-year Treasury bonds less federal funds	0.1115
10	Avg. consumer expectations for business conditions	0.1459
Coincident Eco		
1	Employees on nonagricultural payrolls	0.5297
2	Personal income less transfer payments	0.2035
3	Industrial production	0.1472
4	Manufacturing and trade sales	0.1197
Lagging Econo	omic Index	
1	Average duration of unemployment	0.0376
2	Inventories to sales ratio, manufacturing and trade	0.1258
3	Labor cost per unit of output, manufacturing	0.0502
4	Average prime rate	0.2993
5	Commercial and industrial loans	0.0960
6	Consumer installment credit outstanding to personal income	0.0700
	ratio	0.1840
7	Consumer price index for services	0.2071

Notes:

The component factors are inversely related to the standard deviation of the month-to-month changes in each component. They are used to equalize the volatility of the contribution from each component and are "normalized" to sum to 1. When one or more components are missing, the other factors are adjusted proportionately to ensure that the total continues to sum to 1.

These factors were revised effective with the release in January 2016, and all historical values for the three composite economic indexes were revised at this time to reflect the changes. (Under normal circumstances, updates to the leading, coincident, and lagging economic indexes only incorporate revisions to data over the past six months.) The factors for The Conference Board LEI for the U.S. were calculated using May 1990-December 2014 as the sample period for measuring volatility. A separate set of factors for the February 1959 - December 1977, January 1978 - December 1983 and January 1984 – April 1990 periods are available upon request. The primary sample period for the coincident and lagging economic indexes was February 1959 – December 2014. For additional information on the standardization factors and the index methodology see: "Benchmark Revisions in the Composite Indexes," *Business Cycle Indicators* December 1997 and "Technical Appendix: Calculating the Composite Indexes" *Business Cycle Indicators* December 1996, or the Web site: http://www.conference-board.org/data/bci.cfm

The trend adjustment factor for The Conference Board LEI for the U.S is -0.0771 (over the 1984 – present) and 0.0892 (over the 1959-1983 period), and the trend adjustment factor for The Conference Board LAG for the U.S is 0.1503.

To address the problem of lags in available data, those leading, coincident and lagging indicators that are not available at the time of publication are estimated using statistical imputation. An autoregressive model is used to estimate each unavailable component. The resulting indexes are therefore constructed using real and estimated data, and will be revised as the unavailable data during the time of publication become available. Such revisions are part of the monthly data revisions, now a regular part of the U.S. Business Cycle Indicators program. The main advantage of this procedure is to utilize in the leading economic index data such as stock prices, interest rate spread, and manufacturing hours that are available sooner than other data on real aspects of the economy such as manufacturers' new orders. Empirical research by The Conference Board suggests that there are real gains in adopting this procedure to make all the indicator series as up-to-date as possible.

NOTICES

The Conference Board Leading Economic Index[®] (LEI) for the U.S. news release schedule for 2017:

Thursday, January 26, 2017	For December 2016 data
Friday, February 17, 2017	For January 2017 data
Friday, March 17, 2017	For February 2017 data
Thursday, April 20, 2017	For March 2017 data
Thursday, May 18, 2017	For April 2017 data
Thursday, June 22, 2017	For May 2017 data
Thursday, July 20, 2017	For June 2017 data
Thursday, August 17, 2017	For July 2017 data
Thursday, September 21, 2017	For August 2017 data
Thursday, October 19, 2017	For September 2017 data
Monday, November 20, 2017	For October 2017 data
Thursday, December 21, 2017	For November 2017 data

All releases are at 10:00 AM ET.

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Table 1. Summary of U.S. Composite Economic Indexes

				2016						
	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep		Oct		Nov	
Leading index	123.4	123.7	124.3	124.1	124.5	r	124.6	r	124.6	р
Percent change	-0.2	0.2	0.5	-0.2	0.3	r	0.1		0.0	p
Diffusion index	45	85	70	60	55		50		70	
Coincident index	113.4	113.7	113.9	114.1	114.3	r	114.5	r	114.6	р
Percent change	0.0	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	r	0.2	r	0.1	р
Diffusion index	37.5	100	100	75	75		100		75	
Lagging index	121.9	121.8	122.0	122.4	122.6		122.8	r	123.2	р
Percent change	0.4	-0.1	0.2	0.3	0.2		0.2		0.3	р
Diffusion index	92.9	28.6	35.7	64.3	64.3		42.9		64.3	
Coincident-lagging ratio	93.0	93.3	93.4	93.2	93.2	r	93.2	r	93.0	р
	Nov to	Dec to	Jan to	Feb to	Mar to		Apr to		May to	
	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep		Oct		Nov	
Leading index										
Percent change	-0.2	0.3	1.1	0.9	1.2		0.8		1.0	
Diffusion index	30	45	60	55	60		60		70	
Coincident index										
Percent change	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8	1.0		1.0		1.1	
Diffusion index	75	100	87.5	87.5	100		100		100	
Lagging index										
Percent change	1.8	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.3		1.2		1.1	
Diffusion index	85.7	71.4	64.3	78.6	64.3		64.3		64.3	

p Preliminary. r Revised (noted only for index levels and one-month percent changes). c Corrected.

CALCULATION NOTE: The diffusion indexes measure the proportion of the components that are contributing positively. Components that rise more than 0.05 percent are given a value of 1.0, components that change less than 0.05 percent are given a value of 0.5, and components that fall more than 0.05 percent are given a value of 0.0.

The full history of composite and diffusion indexes is available by subscription on our web site at https://www.conference-board.org/data/bcicountry.cfm?cid=1

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Table 2. Data and Net Contributions for Components of the U.S. Leading Economic Index

				2016					
Component	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov		
	,	U.S	. Leading Eco			ata			
Average w orkw eek, production w orkers, mfg. (hours)	41.9	41.7	42.0	41.8	41.8 r	42.0 r	41.8		
Average w eekly initial claims, state unemployment insurance (thousands)*	276.9	264.8	259.6	263.3	252.8	258.2	252.5		
Manufacturers' new orders, consumer goods and materials (mil. 1982 dol.)	138,493	138,635	138,371 r	138,741	138,353 r	138,614 r	138,802 **		
ISM® New Orders Index									
(percent)	55.7	57.0	56.9	49.1	55.1	52.1	53.0		
Manufacturers' new orders, nondefense									
capital goods excl. aircraft (mil. 1982 dol.)	36733	36836	37171 r	37637	37019 r	37088 r	37296 **		
Building permits (thous.)	1,136	1,153	1,144	1,152	1,225	1,260 r	1,201		
Stock prices, 500 common stocks © (index: 1941-43=10)	2,065.55	2,083.89	2,148.90	2,177.48	2,157.69	2,143.02	2,164.99		
Leading Credit Index™ (std. dev.¹)*	-0.18 r	-0.34 r	-0.95 r	-0.29 r	-0.52 r	0.23 r	-0.48		
Interest rate spread, 10-year Treasury bonds less federal funds	1.44	1.26	1.11	1.16	1.23	1.36	1.73		
Avg. Consumer Expectations for Business Conditions (std. dev.¹)	-0.10 r	-0.01 r	-0.39 r	-0.10 r	0.04 r	-0.30 r	0.11		
LEADING INDEX (2010=100) Percent change from preceding month	123.4 -0.2	123.7 0.2	124.3 0.5	124.1 -0.2	124.5 r 0.3 r	124.6 r 0.1	124.6 p 0.0 p		
	U.S. Leading Economic Index net contributions								
Average w orkw eek, production w orkers, mfg	••••	13	.20	13	.00 r	.13	13		
Average w eekly initial claims, state unemployment insurance		.15	.07	05	.13	07	.07		
Manufacturers' new orders, consumer goods and materials		.01	02 r	.02 r	02	.02 r	.01 **		
ISM® New Orders Index		.03	.03	13	01	07	05		
Manufacturers' new orders, nondefense capital goods excl. aircraft		.01	.04	.05	07 r	.01 r	.02 **		
Building permits		.05	02	.02	.19	.09 r	15		
Stock prices, 500 common stocks ©		.04	.12	.05	04	03	.04		
Leading Credit Index™		.03	.08 r	.02 r	.04 r	02 r	.04		
Interest rate spread, 10-year Treasury bonds less federal funds		.14	.12	.13	.14	.15	.19		
Avg. Consumer Expectations for Business Conditions		.00	06	01	.01	04 r	.02		

- p Preliminary. r Revised. c Corrected.
- Standard deviation above or below the mean
- * Inverted series; a negative change or value in this component makes a positive contribution to the index.
- ** Statistical Imputation (See page 3 for more details)
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CALCULATION NOTE: The percent change in the index does not always equal the sum of the net contributions of the individual components (because of rounding effects and base value differences).

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Table 3. Data and Net Contributions for Components of the U.S. Coincident Economic Index and U.S. Lagging Economic Index

Companent				2016						
Component	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov			
	U.S. Coincident Economic Index component data									
Employees on nonagricultural payrolls (thousands)	143,901	144,172	144,424	144,600	144,808 r	144,950 r	145,128			
Personal income less transfer payments (ann. rate, bil. chn. 2009 dol.)	11,912 r	11,948 r	11,995 r	12,001 r	12,031 r	12,078 r	12,108 **			
Industrial production (index: 2007=100)	103.694	104.222 r	104.542 r	104.454 r	104.243 r	104.319 r	103.859			
Manufacturing and trade sales (mil. chn. 2009 dol.)	1,218,404	1,222,460	1,224,147 r	1,232,328 r	1,237,440 r	1,240,687 **	1,243,842 **			
COINCIDENT INDEX (2010=100) Percent change from preceding month	113.4 0.0	113.7 0.3	113.9 0.2	114.1 0.2	114.3 r 0.2 r	114.5 r 0.2 r	114.6 p 0.1 p			
			U.S. Coincid	lent Economic Index	net contributions					
Employees on nonagricultural payrolls		.10	.09	.06	.08 r	.05 r	.07			
Personal income less transfer payments		.06	.08 r	.01 r	.05 r	.08 r	.05 **			
Industrial production		.07 r	.05	01 r	03	.01	06			
Manufacturing and trade sales		.04	.02	.08 r	.05 r	.03 **	.03 **			
			U.S. Laggir	ng Economic Index	component data					
Average duration of unemployment (w eeks)*	26.7	27.7	28.1	27.6	27.5	27.2	26.3			
Ratio, manufacturing and trade inventories to sales (chain 2009 dol.)	1.450	1.445	1.442	1.435 r	1.431 r	1.431 **	1.432 **			
Change in index of labor cost per unit of output, mfg. (6-month percent, ann. rate)	2.2 r	0.7 r	3.9 r	6.7 r	6.9 r	6.2 **	5.7 **			
Average prime rate charged by banks (percent)	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50			
Commercial and industrial loans outstanding (mil. chn. 2009 dol.)	1,255,009 r	1,243,849	1,239,490 r	1,225,158 r	1,221,763 r	1,236,447 r	1,242,207 **			
Ratio, consumer installment credit out- standing to personal income (percent)	22.78 r	22.79 r	22.81 r	22.92 r	22.96 r	22.92 r	22.94 **			
Change in CPI for services (6-month percent, ann. rate)	2.9	3.1	3.0	3.2	3.3	3.1	3.0			
LAGGING INDEX (2010=100) Percent change from preceding month	121.9 0.4	121.8 -0.1	122.0 0.2	122.4 0.3	122.6 0.2	122.8 r 0.2	123.2 p 0.3 p			
	U.S. Lagging Economic Index net contributions									
Average duration of unemployment		14	05	.07	.01	.04	.13			
Ratio, manufacturing and trade inventories to sales		04	03	06 r	04 r	.00 **	.01 **			
Change in index of labor cost per unit of output, mfg		08 r	.16 r	.14 r	.01 r	04 **	03 **			
Average prime rate charged by banks		.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00			
Commercial and industrial loans outstanding		09	03	11 r	03	.11	.04 **			
Ratio, consumer installment credit out- standing to personal income		.01	.02	.09	.03 r	03 r	.02 **			
Change in CPI for services		.04	02	.04	.02	04	02			

CPI Consumer Price Index. For additional notes see table 2.

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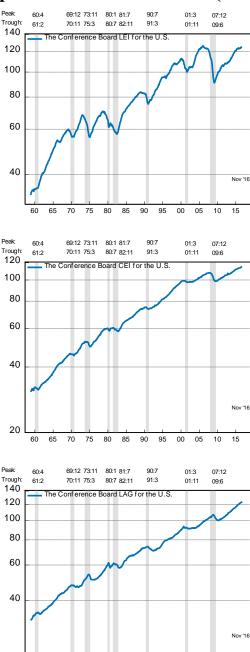
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^{*} Inverted series; a negative change in this component makes a positive contribution to the index.

^{**} Statistical Imputation (See page 3 for more details)

U.S. Composite Economic Indexes (2010=100)



Shaded areas represent recessions as determined by the National Bureau of Economic Research.

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