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The Conference Board®
Euro Area Business Cycle IndicatorsSM

THE CONFERENCE BOARD LEADING ECONOMIC INDEX® (LEI) FOR THE EURO AREA

AND RELATED COMPOSITE ECONOMIC INDEXES FOR JULY 2010

BRUSSELS, August 26, 2010... The Conference Board Leading Economic Index[®] (LEI) for the Euro Area increased 1.0 percent and The Conference Board Coincident Economic Index[®] (CEI) remained unchanged in July.

- The Conference Board LEI for the Euro Area increased again in July, as the yield spread, real money supply* and the Economic Sentiment Index made the largest positive contributions. Between January and July 2010, the leading economic index increased 4.5 percent (about a 9.1 percent annual rate), slower than the 5.8 percent increase (about an 11.9 percent annual rate) between July 2009 and January 2010. In addition, the strengths among the leading indicators have become less widespread in recent months, though they are still more widespread than the weaknesses.
- The Conference Board CEI for the Euro Area, a measure of current economic activity, remained unchanged in July, according to preliminary estimates. Between January and July 2010, the coincident economic index increased by 0.5 percent (about a 1.0 percent annual rate), slightly faster than the 0.3 percent increase (about a 0.6 percent annual rate) during the previous six months. In addition, the strengths among the coincident indicators have remained widespread in recent months. At the same time, real GDP grew at a 3.9 percent annual rate during the second quarter, after growing at a 0.8 percent annual rate during the first quarter.
- The Conference Board LEI increased in July and is now above its most recent peak in June 2007. However, the six-month growth rate has slowed from its rapid pace in the second half of 2009. Meanwhile, The Conference Board CEI for the Euro Area was unchanged in June and July, though it has been mostly increasing since October 2009. The recent behavior of the composite indexes suggests that economic activity should continue to grow, though at a more moderate pace in the near term.

<u>LEADING INDICATORS.</u> Six of the eight components in The Conference Board LEI for the Euro Area increased in July. The positive contributors -- in order from the largest positive contributor to the smallest -- are the interest rate spread, real money supply*, the Economic Sentiment Index, the Markit Purchasing Managers' Index (manufacturing), the Markit Business Expectations Index (services), and EURO STOXX® Index. New orders of capital goods* and building permits* declined in July.

With the 1.0 percent increase in July, The Conference Board LEI for the Euro Area now stands at 112.5 (2004=100). Based on revised data, this index increased 0.6 percent in June and declined 0.4 percent in May. During the six-month span through July, the index increased 4.5 percent, with five of the eight components increasing (diffusion index, six-month span equals 62.5 percent).

<u>COINCIDENT INDICATORS.</u> One of the four components that make up The Conference Board CEI for the Euro Area increased in July. Retail trade* was the only positive contributor this month. Manufacturing turnover* declined in July, while employment* and industrial production* remained unchanged.

After remaining unchanged in July, The Conference Board CEI for the Euro Area now stands at 102.5 (2004=100). Based on revised data, this index remained unchanged in June and increased 0.3 percent in May. During the six-month period through July, the index increased 0.5 percent, with three of the four components increasing (diffusion index, six-month span equals 87.5 percent).

* See notes under data availability.

FOR TABLES AND CHARTS, SEE BELOW

<u>DATA AVAILABILITY</u> The data series used to compute **The Conference Board Leading Economic Index**[®] (LEI) for the Euro Area and **The Conference Board Coincident Economic Index**[®] (CEI) for the Euro Area reported in this release are those available "as of" 10:00 A.M. ET August 24, 2010. Some series are estimated as noted below.

NOTES: Series in The Conference Board LEI for the Euro Area that are based on our estimates are real money supply, residential building permits and new orders of capital goods. Series in The Conference Board CEI for the Euro Area that are based on our estimates are employment, industrial production, retail trade and manufacturing turnover.

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For more information:

The Conference Board Europe: + 32 2 675 5405 Email: indicators@conference-board.org

Website: http://www.conference-board.org/data/bci.cfm

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THE CYCLICAL INDICATOR APPROACH. The composite economic indexes are the key elements in an analytic system designed to signal peaks and troughs in the business cycle. The leading and coincident economic indexes are essentially composite averages of several individual leading or coincident indicators. (See page 3 for details.) They are constructed to summarize and reveal common turning point patterns in economic data in a clearer and more convincing manner than any individual component—primarily because they smooth out some of the volatility of individual components.

Historically, the cyclical turning points in The Conference Board LEI for the Euro Area have occurred before those in aggregate economic activity, while the cyclical turning points in The Conference Board CEI for the Euro Area have occurred at about the same time as those in aggregate economic activity.

Further explanations of the cyclical indicator approach and the composite economic index methodology appear in The Conference Board's *Business Cycle Indicators* report and website: http://www.conference-board.org/data/bci.cfm.

Euro Area Composite Economic Indexes: Components and Standardization Factors

Lea	<u>Factor</u>	
1.	Yield Spread cumulated, 10 year minus policy rate	0.2423
2.	Economic Sentiment Index	0.0975
3.	Markit Purchasing Managers' Index (Manufacturing)	0.1384
4.	Markit Business Expectations Index (Services)	0.0707
5.	EURO STOXX® Index	0.0302
6.	Money Supply	0.3289
7.	New Orders of Capital Goods	0.0413
8.	Residential Building Permits	0.0507
<u>Coi</u>	ncident Economic Index	
1.	Employment	0.7436
2.	Industrial Production	0.0806
3.	Retail Trade	0.1370
4.	Manufacturing Turnover	0.0388

Notes:

The standardization factors are inversely related to the standard deviation of the month-to-month changes in each component. They are used to equalize the volatility of the contribution from each component and are "normalized" to sum to 1.

These factors were revised effective on the release for January 2010, and all historical values for the two composite indexes were revised at this time to reflect the changes. (Under normal circumstances, updates to the leading and coincident indexes only incorporate revisions to data over the past six months.) The factors above were calculated using 2000-2008 as the sample period for measuring volatility for The Conference Board LEI for the Euro Area. Separate sets of factors for 1987-1993, 1994-1995, 1995-1997, 1997-1998 and 1998-2000 are available upon request. The factors above for The Conference Board CEI for the Euro Area were calculated using 1995-2008 as the sample period. A separate set of factors is available for 1987-1995. These multiple sample periods are the result of different starting dates for the component data. When one or more components are missing, the other factors are adjusted proportionately to ensure that the total continues to sum to 1. For additional information on the standardization factors and the index methodology visit our website: http://www.conference-board.org/data/bci.cfm.

The trend adjustment factors for The Conference Board LEI for the Euro Area are -0.3065 calculated over 1987-1996 and -0.3039 calculated over 1997-2008.

To address the problem of lags in available data, those leading and coincident indicators that are not available at the time of publication are estimated using statistical imputation. An autoregressive model is used to estimate each component. The resulting indexes are constructed using real and estimated data, and will be revised as the data unavailable at the time of publication become available. Such revisions are part of the monthly data revisions, now a regular part of the U.S. Business Cycle Indicators program. The main advantage of this procedure is to utilize in the leading economic index the data, such as stock prices, that are available sooner than other data on "real" aspects of the economy, such as new orders and changes in inventory. Empirical research by The Conference Board suggests there are real gains in adopting this procedure to make all the indicator series as up-to-date as possible.

NOTICES

The 2010 schedule for "The Conference Board Leading Economic Index® (LEI) for the Euro Area" news release is:

All releases are at 10:00 A.M. (Brussels Time)

ABOUT THE CONFERENCE BOARD

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The Conference Board Euro Area Business Cycle Indicators

Table 1.--Summary of Euro Area Composite Economic Indexes

				2010			
	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May.	Jun.	Jul.
Leading index	107.7	108.1 r	109.8 r	111.1 r	110.7 p	111.4 p	112.5 p
Percent change	1.0	0.4 r	1.6 r	1.2 r	-0.4 p	0.6 p	1.0 p
Diffusion index	75.0	31.3	75.0	75.0	25.0	62.5	62.5
Coincident index	102.0	102.0	102.3	102.2 p	102.5 p	102.5 p	102.5 p
Percent change	0.2	0.0	0.3	-0.1 p	0.3 p	0.0 p	0.0 p
Diffusion index	62.5	50.0	87.5	37.5	87.5	50.0	37.5
	Jul to	Aug to	Sep to	Oct to	Nov to	Dec to	Jan to
	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul
Leading index							
Percent change	5.8	4.1 r	4.9 r	5.7 r	4.7 p	4.5 p	4.5 p
Diffusion index	81.3	62.5	87.5	87.5	62.5	75.0	62.5
Coincident index							
Percent change	0.3	0.3	0.7	0.6 p	0.8 p	0.7 p	0.5 p

p Preliminary. r Revised (both noted only for index levels and one-month percent changes).

CALCULATION NOTE: The diffusion indexes measure the proportion of the components that are rising. Components that rise more than 0.05 percent are given a value of 1.0, components that change less than 0.05 percent are given a value of 0.5, and components that fall more than 0.05 percent are given a value of 0.0.

For more information, visit our Web site at www.conference-board.org/economics/bci

Source: The Conference Board

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The Conference Board Euro Area Business Cycle Indicators

Table 2.--Data and Net Contributions for Components of the Euro Area Leading Economic Index

				2010			
Component	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May.	Jun.	Jul.
		Euro A	rea Leading E	Economic Ind	ex componen	t data	
Yield Spread, 10 year ECB Benchmark Rate minus ECB Minimum Bid Rate	3.10	3.11	2.99	3.16	2.68	2.70	2.62
Economic Sentiment Index (Index of five sentiment surveys) Average value 1990-2009 = 100	96.0	95.9	97.9	100.6	98.4	99.0 r	101.3
Markit Purchasing Managers' Index (Manufacturing) 50 = Balanced Positive and Negative Responses	52.39	54.23	56.65	57.57	55.84	55.64	56.69
Markit Business Expectations Index (Services) 50 = Balanced Positive and Negative Responses	67.24	66.39	68.68	69.30	67.60	66.14	66.49
Stock Price (Average Closing Price) EURO STOXX® Index, 12/31/1991=100	273.58	257.03	272.65	278.86	252.70	253.19	255.12
Money Supply (M2) In Billions of 2005 Euros	7586.86 r	7578.3 r	7513.97 r	7500.4 r	7522.1 r	7543.8 r	7608.3 **
Capital Goods New Orders Index (2005=100)	82.67 r	84.51 r	89.08	88.24 r	92.14 r	96.88 r	95.61 **
Index of Residential Building Permits (Index, 2005 = 100) Square meters of usable floor area	50.81 r	49.41 r	52.71 r	55.47	55.02 **	55.00 **	54.93 **
LEADING INDEX (2004=100) Percent change from preceding month	107.7	108.1 r 0.4 r	109.8 r 1.6 r	111.1 r 1.2 r	110.7 p -0.4 r	111.4 p 0.6 p	112.5 p 1.0 p
	Euro Area Leading Economic Index net contributions						
Yield Spread, 10 year ECB Benchmark Rate ECB Minimum Bid Rate		0.75	0.72	0.77	0.65	0.65	0.63
Economic Sentiment Index (Index of five sentiment surveys) Average value 1990-2009 = 100		-0.01	0.20	0.26	-0.21	0.06 r	0.22
Markit Purchasing Managers' Index (Manufacturing) 50 = Balanced Positive and Negative Responses		0.25	0.33	0.13	-0.24	-0.03	0.14
Markit Business Expectations Index (Services) 50 = Balanced Positive and Negative Responses		-0.06	0.16	0.04	-0.12	-0.10	0.02
Stock Price (Average Closing Price) EURO STOXX® Index, 12/31/1991=100		-0.19	0.18	0.07	-0.30	0.01	0.02
Money Supply (M2) In Billions of 2005 Euros		-0.04 r	-0.28	-0.06	0.10 r	0.09 r	0.28 **
Capital Goods New Orders Index (2005=100)		0.09 r	0.22 r	-0.04 r	0.18 r	0.21 r	-0.05 **
Index of Residential Building Permits (Index, 2005 = 100) Square meters of usable floor area		-0.14 r	0.33 r	0.26 r	-0.04 **	0.00 **	-0.01 **

p Preliminary. r Revised. s.a. Seasonally Adjusted

Data Sources: Eurostat, ECB, Reuters Thomson, Markit Economics, STOXX Limited

CALCULATION NOTE--The percent change in the index does not always equal the sum of the net contributions

of the individual components (because of rounding effects and base value differences).

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^{*} Inverted series; a negative change in this component makes a positive contribution to the index.

^{**} Statistical Imputation (See page 2 for more details)

Q Quarterly series; these series are converted to monthly through a linear interpolation.

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The Conference Board Euro Area Business Cycle Indicators

Table 3.--Data and Net Contributions for Components of the Euro Area Coincident Economic Index

		2010							
Component	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May.	Jun.	Jul.		
	Euro Area Coincident Economic Index Component Data								
Number of Employees Thous. Of Employees, S.A. Q	144260.2	144261.4	144262.3	144263.0 **	144263.4 **	144263.6 **	144263.6 **		
Industrial Production, Volume Index (2005=100). S.A.	94.2 r	93.6 r	95.3 r	96.0 r	97.1	97.0 r	97.0 **		
Retail Trade, Volume Index (2005=100). S.A.	101.0 r	101.0 r	101.9 r	100.9 r	101.3 r	101.4 r	101.4 **		
Manufacturing Turnover, Index (2005=100). S.A.	94.0	94.8	97.0	94.1	97.8 r	99.0 r	98.7 **		
COINCIDENT INDEX (2004=100)	102.0	102.0	102.3	102.2 p	102.5 p	102.5 p	102.5 p		
Percent change from preceding month		0.0	0.3	-0.1 p	0.3 p	0.0 p	0.0 p		
	Euro Area Coincident Economic Index net contributions								
Number of Employees Thous. Of Employees, S.A. Q		0.00	0.00	0.00 **	0.00 **	0.00 **	0.00 **		
Industrial Production, Volume Index (2005=100). S.A.		-0.05	0.14	0.07	0.09 r	-0.01 r	0.00 **		
Retail Trade, Volume Index (2005=100). S.A.		0.00 r	0.11 r	-0.13 r	0.06 r	0.01 r	0.01 **		
Manufacturing Turnover, Index (2005=100). S.A.		0.03	0.09	-0.12	0.15 r	0.05 r	-0.01 **		

p Preliminary. r Revised. s.a. Seasonally Adjusted

Data Sources: Eurostat, ECB, Reuters Thomson

CALCULATION NOTE--The percent change in the index does not always equal the sum of the net contributions

of the individual components (because of rounding effects and base value differences).

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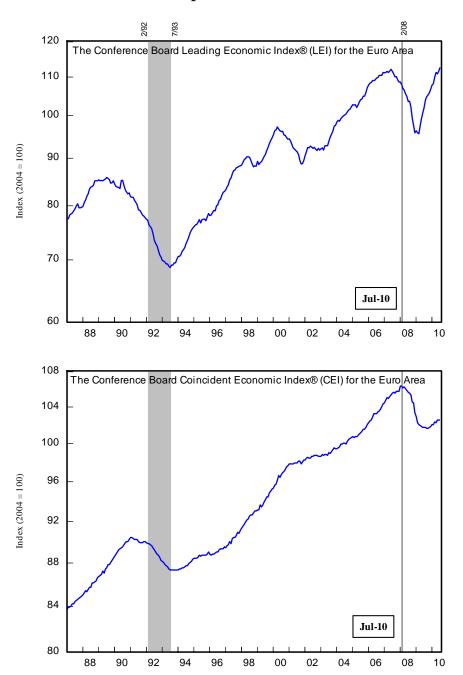
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^{*} Inverted series; a negative change in this component makes a positive contribution to the index.

^{**} Statistical Imputation (See page 2 for more details)

Q Quarterly series; these series are converted to monthly through a linear interpolation.

Euro Area Composite Economic Indexes



Note: The shaded areas represent business cycle recessions. The peaks and troughs are designated by The Conference Board based on the coincident index and real GDP.

Source: The Conference Board