

FOR RELEASE: 10:00 A.M. ET, Thursday, July 19, 2012

The Conference Board[®] U.S. Business Cycle Indicators[™] **THE CONFERENCE BOARD LEADING ECONOMIC INDEX**[®] (LEI) FOR THE UNITED STATES AND RELATED COMPOSITE ECONOMIC INDEXES FOR JUNE 2012

The Conference Board Leading Economic Index[®] (LEI) for the U.S. decreased 0.3 percent, **The Conference Board Coincident Economic Index**[®] (CEI) increased 0.2 percent and **The Conference Board Lagging Economic Index**[®] (LAG) increased 0.2 percent in June.

- The Conference Board LEI for the U.S. declined for a second time this year in June. Weakness in new orders, consumer expectations and building permits contributed to this month's decline. In the six-month period ending June 2012, the leading economic index increased 1.0 percent (about a 1.9 percent annual rate), faster than the growth of 0.5 percent (about a 1.1 percent annual rate) during the previous six months. In addition, the strengths among the leading indicators have become less widespread in recent months.
- The Conference Board CEI for the U.S., a measure of current economic activity, edged up in June. The index rose 0.8 percent (about a 1.5 percent annual rate) between December 2011 and June 2012, much slower than the growth of 2.0 percent (about a 4.0 percent annual rate) for the previous six months. However, the strengths among the coincident indicators have remained very widespread, with all components advancing over the past six months. The lagging economic index continued to increase at the same pace as the CEI, and the coincident-to-lagging ratio remained unchanged in June. Real GDP expanded at a 1.9 percent annual rate in the first quarter of the year, after increasing at a 3.0 percent annual rate in the last quarter of 2011.
- The Conference Board LEI for the U.S. decreased in June, the second drop in the last three months. Meanwhile, The Conference Board CEI for the U.S. has been rising slowly through June, but its six-month growth rate has moderated substantially. Taken together, the current behavior of the composite indexes and their components still suggest that although the expansion in economic activity should continue, economic growth will be slow in the near term.

LEADING INDICATORS. Four of the ten indicators that make up The Conference Board LEI for the U.S. increased in June. The positive contributors – beginning with the largest positive contributor – were interest rate spread, average weekly manufacturing hours, the *Leading Credit Index*TM (inverted), and manufacturers' new orders for consumer goods and materials*. The negative contributors – beginning with the largest negative contributor – were the ISM[®] new orders index, average consumer expectations for business conditions, building permits, average weekly initial claims for unemployment insurance (inverted), stock prices, and manufacturers' new orders for nondefense capital goods excluding aircraft*. The LEI now stands at 95.6 (2004=100). Based on revised data, this index increased 0.4 percent in May and decreased 0.1 percent in April. During the six-month span through June, the leading economic index increased 1.0 percent, with six out of ten components advancing (diffusion index, six-month span equals 60 percent).

The next release is scheduled for August 17, Friday at 10 A.M. ET.

<u>COINCIDENT INDICATORS.</u> All four indicators that make up the CEI increased in June. The positive contributors to the index – beginning with the largest positive contributor – were manufacturing and trade sales*, personal income less transfer payments*, industrial production, and employees on nonagricultural payrolls.

The CEI now stands at 104.5 (2004=100). Based on revised data, this index increased 0.2 percent in May and increased 0.4 percent in April. During the six-month period through June, the coincident economic index increased 0.8 percent, with all four components advancing (diffusion index, six-month span equals 100 percent).

<u>LAGGING INDICATORS.</u> The lagging economic index stands at 115.5 (2004=100) in June, with two of the seven components advancing. The positive contributors to the index – beginning with the largest positive contributor – were change in index of labor cost per unit of output, manufacturing* and ratio of consumer installment credit to personal income*. The negative contributors – beginning with the largest negative contributor – were commercial and industrial loans outstanding* and average duration of unemployment (inverted). The ratio of manufacturing and trade inventories to sales*, average prime rate charged by banks and change in CPI for services held steady in June. Based on revised data, the lagging economic index increased 0.3 percent in May and increased 0.6 percent in April.

DATA AVAILABILITY AND NOTES.

The data series used to compute **The Conference Board Leading Economic Index**[®] (LEI) for the U.S., **The Conference Board Coincident Economic Index**[®] (CEI) for the U.S. and **The Conference Board Lagging Economic Index**[®] (LAG) for the U.S. and reported in the tables in this release are those available "as of" 8:30 am ET on July 18, 2012. Some series are estimated as noted below.

* Series in The Conference Board LEI for the U.S. based on our estimates are manufacturers' new orders for consumer goods and materials, manufacturers' new orders for nondefense capital goods excl. aircraft. Series in The Conference Board CEI for the U.S. that are based on our estimates are personal income less transfer payments and manufacturing and trade sales. Series in The Conference Board LAG for the U.S. that are based on our estimates are manufacturing and trade inventories to sales ratio, consumer installment credit to income ratio, change in labor cost per unit of output, and the personal consumption expenditure deflator used to deflate commercial and industrial loans outstanding.

The procedure used to estimate the current month's personal consumption expenditure deflator (used in the calculation of commercial and industrial loans outstanding) now incorporates the current month's consumer price index when it is available before the release of The Conference Board LEI for the U.S.

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<u>THE CYCLICAL INDICATOR APPROACH.</u> The composite economic indexes are the key elements in an analytic system designed to signal peaks and troughs in the business cycle. The leading, coincident, and lagging economic indexes are essentially composite averages of several individual leading, coincident, or lagging indicators. (See page 3 for details.) They are constructed to summarize and reveal common turning point patterns in economic data in a clearer and more convincing manner than any individual component—primarily because they smooth out some of the volatility of individual components.

Historically, the cyclical turning points in The Conference Board LEI for the U.S. have occurred before those in aggregate economic activity, while the cyclical turning points in The Conference Board CEI for the U.S. have occurred at about the same time as those in aggregate economic activity. The cyclical turning points in The Conference Board LAG for the U.S generally have occurred after those in aggregate economic activity.

Leading Econom	ic Index	Factor
1	Average weekly hours, manufacturing	0.2781
2	Average weekly initial claims for unemployment insurance	0.0334
3	Manufacturers' new orders, consumer goods and materials	0.0811
4	ISM [®] new orders index	0.1651
5	Manufacturers' new orders, nondefense capital goods excl.	
<i>r</i>	aircraft	0.0356
6	Building permits, new private housing units	0.0272
7	Stock prices, 500 common stocks	0.0381
8	Leading Credit Index TM	0.0794
9	Interest rate spread, 10-year Treasury bonds less federal funds	0.1069
10	Avg. consumer expectations for business conditions	0.1551
Coincident Eco	onomic Index	
1	Employees on nonagricultural payrolls	0.2597
2	Personal income less transfer payments	0.1357
3	Industrial production	0.0728
4	Manufacturing and trade sales	0.5318
Lagging Econd	omic Index	
1	Average duration of unemployment	0.0361
2	Inventories to sales ratio, manufacturing and trade	0.1211
3	Labor cost per unit of output, manufacturing	0.0587
4	Average prime rate	0.2815
5	Commercial and industrial loans	0.0970
6	Consumer installment credit to personal income ratio	0.2101
7	Consumer price index for services	0.1955

Notes:

The component factors are inversely related to the standard deviation of the month-to-month changes in each component. They are used to equalize the volatility of the contribution from each component and are "normalized" to sum to 1. When one or more components are missing, the other factors are adjusted proportionately to ensure that the total continues to sum to 1.

These factors were revised effective on the release for January 2012, and all historical values for the three composite economic indexes were revised at this time to reflect the changes. (Under normal circumstances, updates to the leading, coincident, and lagging economic indexes only incorporate revisions to data over the past six months.) The factors for The Conference Board LEI for the U.S. were calculated using 1984-2010 as the sample period for measuring volatility. A separate set of factors for the 1959-1983 period is available upon request. The primary sample period for the coincident and lagging economic indexes was 1959-2010. For additional information on the standardization factors and the index methodology see: "Benchmark Revisions in the Composite Indexes," *Business Cycle Indicators* December 1997 and "Technical Appendix: Calculating the Composite Indexes" *Business Cycle Indicators* December 1996, or the Web site: http://www.conference-board.org/data/bci.cfm

The trend adjustment factor for The Conference Board LEI for the U.S is -0.0321(over the 1984 – present) and 0.1145 (over the 1959-1983 period), and the trend adjustment factor for The Conference Board LAG for the U.S is 0.1786.

To address the problem of lags in available data, those leading, coincident and lagging indicators that are not available at the time of publication are estimated using statistical imputation. An autoregressive model is used to estimate each unavailable component. The resulting indexes are therefore constructed using real and estimated data, and will be revised as the unavailable data during the time of publication become available. Such revisions are part of the monthly data revisions, now a regular part of the U.S. Business Cycle Indicators program. The main advantage of this procedure is to utilize in the leading economic index data such as stock prices, interest rate spread, and manufacturing hours that are available sooner than other data on real aspects of the economy such as manufacturers' new orders. Empirical research by The Conference Board suggests that there are real gains in adopting this procedure to make all the indicator series as up-to-date as possible.

NOTICES

The Conference Board Leading Economic Index[®] (LEI) for the U.S. news release schedule for 2012:

Friday, August 17, 2012 Thursday, September 20, 2012 Thursday, October 18, 2012 Wednesday, November 21, 2012 Thursday, December 20, 2012 For July 2012 data For August 2012 data For September 2012 data For October 2012 data For November 2012 data

All releases are at 10:00 AM ET.

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	2011	2011 2012					
	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun
Leading index	94.7	94.7	95.4	95.6	95.5	95.9 r	95.6 p
Percent change	.6	.0	.7	.2	1	.4 r	3 p
Diffusion index	60	60	80	50	50	60	40
Coincident index	103.7	103.7	103.9	103.7 r	104.1	104.3	104.5 p
Percent change	.7	.0	.2	2 r	.4 r	.2	.2 P
Diffusion index	100	75	100	50	100	75	100
Lagging index	113.2	113.8	113.9	114.2	114.9	115.3 r	115.5 p
Percent change	.1	.5	.1	.3	.6	.3	.2 p
Diffusion index	50	71.4	35.7	71.4	78.6	64.3	50
Coincident-lagging ratio	91.6	91.1	91.2	90.8 r	90.6	90.5	90.5 p
	Jun to	Jul to	Aug to	Sep to	Oct to	Nov to	Dec to
	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun
Leading index							
Percent change	0.5	0.3	1.8	2.6	1.8	1.9	1.0
Diffusion index	60	40	80	70	80	90	60
Coincident index							
Percent change	2.0	1.8	1.7	1.5	1.1	1.3	0.8
Diffusion index	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Lagging index							
Percent change	1.5	1.8	1.7	1.9	2.0	1.9	2.0
Diffusion index	50	64.3	57.1	64.3	64.3	64.3	78.6

Table 1. Summary of U.S. Composite Economic Indexes

p Preliminary. r Revised (noted only for index levels and one-month percent changes). c Corrected.

CALCULATION NOTE: The diffusion indexes measure the proportion of the components that are contributing positively. Components that rise more than 0.05 percent are given a value of 1.0, components that change less than 0.05 percent are given a value of 0.5, and components that fall more than 0.05 percent are given a value of 0.0.

The full history of composite and diffusion indexes is available by subscription on our web site at https://www.conference-board.org/data/bcicountry.cfm?cid=1

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Table 2. Data and Net Contributions for Components of the U.S. Leading Economic Index

Component	2011 2012									
Component	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun			
	U.S. Leading Economic Index component data									
Average workweek, production workers, mfg. (hours)	41.6	41.8	41.9	41.6	41.7	41.6	41.7			
Average weekly initial claims, state unemployment insurance (thousands)*	377.2	376.9	367.3	363.3	384.3	378.7	385.8			
Manufacturers' new orders, consumer goods and materials (mil. 1982 dol.)	132,594	128,153	128,968	128,654	129,437	130,337	130,492 **			
ISM New Orders Index (percent)	54.8	57.6	54.9	54.5	58.2	60.1	47.8			
Manufacturers' new orders, nondefense capital goods excl. aircraft (mil. 1982 dol.).	41358	39935	41006	40029	39367	40149	40064 **			
Building permits (thous.)	701	684	707	769	723	784	755			
Stock prices, 500 common stocks (c) (index: 1941-43=10)	1,243.32	1,300.58	1,352.49	1,389.24	1,386.43	1,341.27	1,323.48			
Leading Credit Index™ (std. dev. ¹)*	0.19	-0.74	-1.12	-1.08	-0.59	0.21	-0.30			
Interest rate spread, 10-year Treasury bonds less federal funds	1.91	1.89	1.87	2.04	1.91	1.64	1.46			
Avg. Consumer Expectations for Business Conditions (std. dev. ¹)	-0.75	-0.64	-0.33	-0.50	-0.43	-0.38	-0.85			
LEADING INDEX (2004=100) Percent change from preceding month	94.7 0.6	94.7 0.0	95.4 0.7	95.6 0.2	95.5 -0.1	95.9 0.4	95.6 p -0.3 p			
—	U.S. Leading Economic Index net contributions									
Average workweek, production workers, mfg		.13	.07	20	.07	07	.07			
Average weekly initial claims, state unemployment insurance		.00	.09	.04	19	.05	06			
Manufacturers' new orders, consumer goods and materials		28	.05	02	.05	.06	.01 **			
ISM New Orders Index		.05	01	02	.06	.10	16			
Manufacturers' new orders, nondefense capital goods excl. aircraft		12	.09	09	06	.07	01 **			
Building permits		07	.09	.23	17	.22	10			
Stock prices, 500 common stocks (c)		.17	.15	.10	01	13	05			
Leading Credit Index™		.06	.09	.09	.05	02	.02			
Interest rate spread, 10-year Treasury bonds less federal funds		.20	.20	.22	.20	.18	.16			
Avg. Consumer Expectations for Business Conditions		10	05	08	07	06	13			

p Preliminary. r Revised. c Corrected.

¹ Standard deviation above or below the mean

Inverted series; a negative change or value in this component makes a positive contribution to the index.

** Statistical Imputation (See page 3 for more details)

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CALCULATION NOTE: The percent change in the index does not always equal the sum of the net contributions

of the individual components (because of rounding effects and base value differences).

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Table 3. Data and Net Contributions for Components of the U.S	6. Coincident Economic Index and U.S. Lagging Economic Index
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	2011 2012								
Component									
	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar Dat Economic	Apr Index componer	May	Jun		
Employees on nonagricultural payrolls (thousands)	132,186	132,461	132,720	132,863	132,931	133,008	133,088		
Personal income less transfer payments (ann. rate, bil. chn. 2005 dol.)	. 9,401	9,417	9,426	9,439	9,463	9,501	9,528 **		
Industrial production (index: 2007=100)	95.939	96.593	97.010	96.477	97.242	97.017	97.430		
Manufacturing and trade sales (mil. chn. 2005 dol.)	1,014,721	1,012,317	1,014,412	1,010,904	1,016,718	1,018,343 **	1,021,016 **		
COINCIDENT INDEX (2004=100) Percent change from preceding month	103.7 0.7	103.7 0.0	103.9 0.2	103.7 -0.2	104.1 0.4	104.3 0.2	104.5 p 0.2 p		
			U.S. Coincide	ent Economic	ndex net contrib	outions			
Employees on nonagricultural payrolls		.05	.05	.03	.01	.02	.02		
Personal income less transfer payments		.02	.01	.02	.03	.06	.04 **		
Industrial production		.05	.03	04	.06	02	.03		
Manufacturing and trade sales		13	.11	18	.30	.08 **	.14 **		
	U.S. Lagging Economic Index component data								
Average duration of unemployment (weeks)*	40.8	40.1	40.0	39.4	39.1	39.7	39.9		
Ratio, manufacturing and trade inventories to sales (chain 2005 dol.)	1.331	1.340	1.341	1.348	1.345	1.346 **	1.346 **		
Change in index of labor cost per unit of output, mfg. (6-month percent, ann. rate)	-4.5	-5.5	-5.9 r	-5.2	-4.5	-3.8 **	-3.3 **		
Average prime rate charged by banks (percent)	3.25	3.25	3.25	3.25	3.25	3.25	3.25		
Commercial and industrial loans outstanding (mil. chn. 2005 dol.)	. 779,882	797,349	796,118	789,735	812,628	826,878	822,285 **		
Ratio, consumer installment credit out- standing to personal income (percent)	19.11	19.16	19.15 r	19.17	19.20	19.29	19.32 **		
Change in CPI for services (6-month percent, ann. rate)	2.4	2.4	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.0	2.0		
LAGGING INDEX (2004=100) Percent change from preceding month	113.2 .1	113.8 .5	113.9 .1	114.2 .3	114.9 .6	115.3 .3	115.5 p .2 p		
	U.S. Lagging Economic Index net contributions								
Average duration of unemployment		.06	.01	.05	.03	05	02		
Ratio, manufacturing and trade inventories to sales		.08	.01	.06	03	.01 **	.00 **		
Change in index of labor cost per unit of output, mfg		06	02	.04	.04	.04 **	.03 **		
Average prime rate charged by banks		.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00		
Commercial and industrial loans outstanding		.21	01	08	.28	.17	05 **		
Ratio, consumer installment credit out- standing to personal income		.05	01	.02	.03	.10	.03 **		
Change in CPI for services		.00	08	.00	.02	02	.00		

CPI Consumer Price Index. For additional notes see table 2.

* Inverted series: a negative change in this component makes a positive contribution to the index.

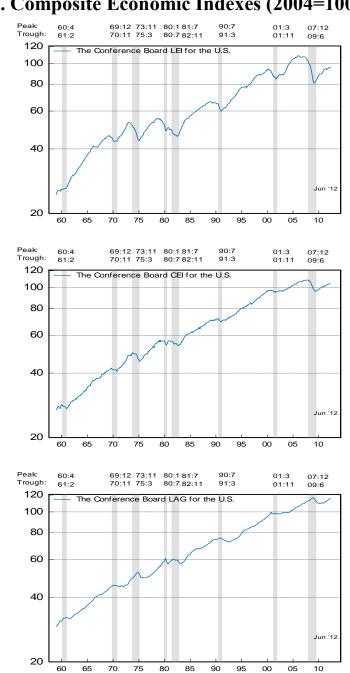
** Statistical Imputation (See page 3 for more details)

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U.S. Composite Economic Indexes (2004=100)

Shaded areas represent recessions as determined by the National Bureau of Economic Research.

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